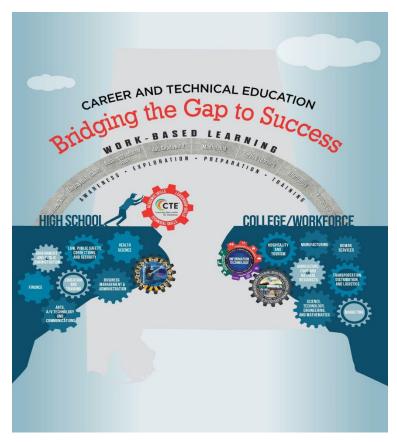
## Information Technology Rubric

Publisher Name: <u>CompuScholar, Inc.</u>



2022

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Publisher Name: \_\_\_\_CompuScholar, Inc. - "C# Programming" Course

### **CompuScholar Course Details:**

Course Title:	C# Programming
<b>Course ISBN:</b>	978-1-946113-01-6

Course Year: 2022

**Publisher Note 1**: Citation(s) for a "Lesson" refer to the "Lesson Text" elements and associated "Activities" within the course, unless otherwise noted. The "Instructional Video" components are supplements designed to introduce or re-enforce the main lesson concepts and can be ignored for alignment purposes.

**Publisher Note 2**: Citation(s) to "Supplemental" or "Suppl." chapters refer to Supplemental Chapters found at the end of the main sequence of numbered chapters within the course.

# OBJECT-ORIENTED PROGRAMMING I CONTENT STANDARDS

Each content standard completes the stem "Students will..."

Topic	Content Standard	Location of Standard in Resource (chapters, sections, pages, etc.)
Technical Knowledge	Describe the differences between structured programming and object-oriented programming (OOP).	1. Chapter 13, Lesson 1 Text
Object-Oriented Programming Foundations	<ol> <li>Describe the use of a main method in an application.         Examples: signature of main, how to consume an instance of your own class, command line arguments</li> <li>Perform basic input and output using standard input and output streams.         Examples: print statements, import and use the scanner class</li> <li>Evaluate the scope of a variable and declare a variable within a block, class, or method.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Chapter 2, Lesson 2 Text</li> <li>Chapter 3, Lesson 3 Text Chapter 5, Lesson 2 Text</li> <li>Chapter 14, Lesson 4 Text</li> </ol>

•		5. Define the inputs and outputs of a computer program.	5. Chapter 3, Lesson 3 Text Chapter 5, Lesson 2 Text
	Object-Oriented Language-Specific Basics	<ul> <li>6. Declare and use primitive data type variables.  Examples: byte, char, int, double, short, long, float, Boolean  a. Identify precision loss in primitive data types.  Examples: double, float  b. Explain how primitives differ from wrapper object types.  Examples: integer, Boolean</li> <li>7. Outline and explain the logical steps necessary for the development of a computer program.  Examples: software development life cycle, structured programming</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>6. Chapter 3, Lessons 1, 2 Text Chapter 4, Lesson 3 Text</li> <li>7. Chapter 12, Lessons 1, 2 Text Chapter 24, Lessons 1, 2 Text</li> </ul>
		<ul><li>8. Create a basic algorithm using plain language (pseudocode).</li><li>9. Use flowcharts to represent logic graphically.</li></ul>	<ul><li>8. Chapter 12, Lesson 2 Text</li><li>9. Chapter 12, Lesson 1 Text</li></ul>
		10. Explain the basic functions of the integrated development environment (IDE).  Examples: inputting the code, saving the code, executing the code	10. Chapter 1, Lesson 3 Text Chapter 2, Lesson 2 Text Chapter 10, Lesson 2 Text Chapter 25, Lesson 3 Text

### Object-Oriented Language-Specific Syntax

- 11. Describe the functions of different objects and their purposes in a program.
- 12. Describe the function and purpose of a computer program event procedure.
- 13. Write property assignment statements in computer code.
- 14. Utilize comments in the program code to document the logic and enhance the readability of the code.
- 15. List and explain computer program operator types and the precedence (order of operation) of program operators.

  Examples: Boolean, relational, arithmetical
- 16. Differentiate between commands and statements in computer programming.
- 17. Write valid declaration statements using an approach to global static scope with appropriate data types, including constants, variables, and logical reasoning.

- 11. Chapter 13, Lessons 1, 2 Text
- 12. Chapter 26, Lesson 2 Text
- 13. Chapter 14, Lessons 1, 3 Text
- 14. Chapter 2, Lesson 3 Text
- 15. Chapter 4, Lesson 1 Text Chapter 7, Lesson 1 Text Chapter 8, Lessons 1, 2 Text
- 16. Chapter 2, Lesson 3 Text
- 17. Chapter 3, Lesson 2 Text Chapter 14, Lessons 1, 4 Text Chapter 15, Lesson 1 Text

#### **Object-Oriented Programming I**

# Practical Programming

- 18. Construct a program that will perform calculations on a set of given data.
- 19. Generate random numbers through the use of built-in functions in a program.
- 20. Utilize accumulators and counters in a program.
- 21. Identify and utilize various looping and iteration structures that control the flow of a program.
- 22. Utilize built-in properties and functions to manipulate classes and structures within a program.

Example: string

- 23. Describe the purpose and function of a class.
- 24. Construct and evaluate class definitions.

  Examples: constructors, constructor overloading, one class per java file, this keyword, basic inheritance, overriding
- 25. Describe the purposes and functions of general sub procedures in a program.
- 26. Explain the uses of parameters and arguments and how they control the flow of a program.
- 27. Create a program using one or more classes and/or functions.
- 28. Create a program using a general sub procedure passing arguments to another sub procedure.
- 29. Construct and evaluate code that uses branching statements. *Examples: if, else, else if, switch; single-line vs. block;*

- 18. Chapter 4, Lesson 1 Text Chapter 4 Activity
- 19. Chapter 6, Lesson 2 Text
- 20. Chapter 11, Lesson 2 Text Chapter 11 Activity ...and most places with iteration
- 21. Chapter 11
- 22. Chapter 5, Lessons 1, 2 Text Chapter 6, Lesson 2 Text
- 23. Chapter 13, Lesson 1 Text
- 24. Chapters 13, 14, 15, 21, 22
- 25. Chapter 13, Lesson 3 Text
- 26. Chapter 13, Lesson 4 Text
- 27. Chapters 13, 14
- 28. Chapter 13, Lesson 4 Text Chapter 13 Activity (doTrick() method calls overloaded doTrick() version)
- 29. Chapters 7, 8

	nesting; logical, relational operators  30. Construct and evaluate code that uses loops.  Examples: while, for, for each, do while; break and continue; nesting; logical, relational, and unary operators  31. Declare, implement, and access methods.  Examples: private, public, protected; method parameters; return type; void; return value; instance methods; static methods; overloading	30. Chapter 11  31. Chapter 13, Lessons 3, 4, 5 Text Chapter 14, Lesson 3 Text Chapter 15, Lesson 2 Text
Compilation and Debugging	<ul> <li>32. Troubleshoot syntax errors, logic errors, and runtime errors.  Examples: print statements, java command output, logic errors, console exceptions, stack trace evaluation</li> <li>33. Utilize debugging tools to suspend program execution and to examine, step through, and reset execution of code.  Examples: Visual Debugger, brute force method, backtracking, program slicing</li> <li>34. Utilize common error recovery strategies to detect errors and write a strategy to implement and handle the error.  Examples: statement mode, error productions</li> </ul>	32. Chapter 9, Lesson 1 Text Chapter 10, Lesson 1 Text  33. Chapter 10, Lesson 2 Text  34. Chapter 9, Lessons 2, 3 Text Chapter 10, Lesson 1 Text Chapter 24, Lesson 3 Text